

# TKE213103

Electric Machinery 1

Mesin Listrik 1

## BASIC INFORMATION

<b>Course Credit</b>	2 / 100 minutes per Week
<b>Course Type</b>	Required
<b>Course Classification</b>	Engineering Topics
<b>Prerequisites</b>	AC and DC Circuits Analysis; Classical Mechanics; Fluid, Heat, and Waves; Electricity and Magnetism

## STUDENT AND LEARNING OUTCOMES

### Covered Student Outcomes

Development of Engineering Solution (KP.2)                      Engineering Design (KP.3)

### Learning Outcomes

- LO1** Students are able to understand the basic principles, the physical construction, mathematical model and calculations, and practical implementations of DC machines.
- LO2** Students are able to understand the basic principles, the physical construction, mathematical model and calculations, and practical implementations of transformers.

## COURSE DESCRIPTION

This course studies the fundamental principle, the physical construction, mathematical model and calculations, and practical implementations of DC machines and transformers.

## TOPICS

### 1. Fundamental of electricity and magnetism

- 1.1 Sinusoidal voltage and phasor representation
- 1.2 Magnetic field intensity and flux density
- 1.3 B-H curve, residual flux, hysteresis
- 1.4 Faraday's law
- 1.5 Voltage induced in a conductor
- 1.6 Lorentz force
- 1.7 Linear DC machine

### 2. Fundamental of mechanics and heat

- 2.1 Force
- 2.2 Torque
- 2.3 Mechanical work
- 2.4 Power
- 2.5 Transformation of energy
- 2.6 Kinetic energy

- 2.7 Torque, inertia, and change in speed
- 2.8 Speed of a motor/load system
- 2.9 Power flow in a mechanically coupled system
- 2.10 Motor driving a load having inertia
- 2.11 Electric motors driving linear motion loads
- 2.12 Heat

### **3. DC machinery fundamentals**

- 3.1 A simple rotating loop between curved pole faces
- 3.2 Commutation in a simple four-loop DC machine
- 3.3 Commutation and armature construction in real DC machine
- 3.4 Problems with commutation in real machines
- 3.5 The internal generated voltage
- 3.6 Construction of DC machine
- 3.7 Power flow and losses in DC machines

### **4. DC generators**

- 4.1 Generating AC voltage
- 4.2 DC generator
- 4.3 DC vs AC generators
- 4.4 Induced voltage
- 4.5 Armature reaction
- 4.6 Separately excited generator
- 4.7 No-load operation and saturation curve
- 4.8 Shunt generator
- 4.9 Controlling the voltage of a shunt generator
- 4.10 Equivalent circuit
- 4.11 Compound generator
- 4.12 Construction of DC generator

### **5. DC motor**

- 5.1 Counter-electromotive force
- 5.2 Acceleration of the motor
- 5.3 Mechanical power and torque
- 5.4 Speed of rotation
- 5.5 Shunt motor under load
- 5.6 Series motor
- 5.7 Compound motor
- 5.8 Reversing the direction of rotation
- 5.9 Armature reaction

### **6. Transformer**

- 6.1 Practical transformer
- 6.2 Ideal transformer

- 6.3 Single phase transformer
- 6.4 Equivalent circuit
- 6.5 Perunit systems
- 6.6 Voltage regulation
- 6.7 Auto-transformer
- 6.8 Special transformer
- 6.9 Three-phase transformer

## REFERENCES

- [1] Chapman, Stephen J., 2005, Electric Machinery Fundamentals, 4th., McGraw-Hill
- [2] Wildi, Theodore. 2002. Electrical Machines, Drives, and Power Systems, 5th., Prentice Hall